


 Studietoets (  formatief |  examen )

leerling	Quotering
vak	
leraar	

1. Geg:  $U_m = 194V$ ,  $f = 843Hz$ ,  $t = 14,3\mu s$

gev:  $\omega$ ,  $u_t$

Opl:

$$\omega = 2\pi f = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot 843 = \underline{\underline{5296,72 \text{ rad/s}}}$$

$$u = U_m \cdot \sin \omega t = 194 \cdot \sin (5296,72 \cdot 14,3 \cdot 10^{-6})$$

$$= 194 \cdot \sin 0,07574 \quad \left( \text{in RAD} \right)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{14,680V}}$$

2. Geg:  $i_t = -2,73A$ ,  $I_m = 6,84A$ ,

gev:  $\alpha$  in  $^\circ$  en RAD.

Opl:  $i = I \cdot \sin \alpha$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{i}{I} = \frac{-2,73}{6,84} = -0,3991 \Rightarrow \alpha = \underline{\underline{-23,52^\circ}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{-23,39'24''}}$$

of  $\alpha = \underline{\underline{-0,4106 \text{ rad}}}$ .

3. Geg:  $\alpha_1 = 215^\circ$ ,  $u_1 = -161V$ ,  $t_2 = 2,74 \text{ rad} = 156,99^\circ$

gev:  $u_2$

Opl:  $u = U \cdot \sin \alpha \Rightarrow U = \frac{u_1}{\sin \alpha_1} = \frac{u_2}{\sin \alpha_2}$

$$\Rightarrow u_2 = \frac{u_1}{\sin \alpha_1} \cdot \sin \alpha_2 = \frac{-161}{\sin 215^\circ} \cdot \sin 156,99^\circ$$

$$= \underline{\underline{109,72V}}$$

4. Geg:  $t = 457 \mu s$ ,  $\alpha = 236^\circ$ ,  $u = -25,8V$

Gevr:  $U, f$

Opl:  $U = \frac{u}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{-25,8}{\sin 236} = \underline{\underline{31,120V}}$

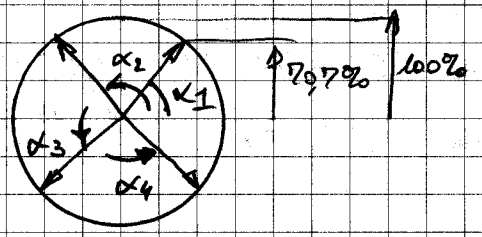
$f = \frac{1}{T}$   $T = \frac{t \cdot 360}{236} = \frac{457 \mu \cdot 360}{236} = 697,12 \mu s$

$f = \frac{1}{697,12 \mu} = \underline{\underline{1434,48 Hz}}$

5. Geg:  $f = 346 Hz$ ,  $u = 70,7\% U_m$

Gevr: 4 hoeken waar u geldig is in o en sec.

Opl:



$\alpha_1 \Rightarrow 0,707 = \sin \alpha \Rightarrow 44,99^\circ \Rightarrow 45^\circ$

$\alpha_2 \Rightarrow \alpha_2 = 180^\circ - \alpha_1 = 135^\circ$

$\alpha_3 \Rightarrow \alpha_3 = 180^\circ + \alpha_1 = 225^\circ$

$\alpha_4 \Rightarrow \alpha_4 = 360^\circ - \alpha_1 = 315^\circ$

$t_1 \Rightarrow T = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{346} = 2,89 ms$

$t_1 = \frac{45}{360} \cdot 2,89 = 361,3 \mu s$

$t_1 = \frac{\alpha}{360^\circ} \cdot T$

$t_2 \Rightarrow t_2 = \frac{135}{360} \cdot 2,89 = 1,084 ms$

$t_3 \Rightarrow t_3 = \frac{225}{360} \cdot 2,89 = 1,806 ms$

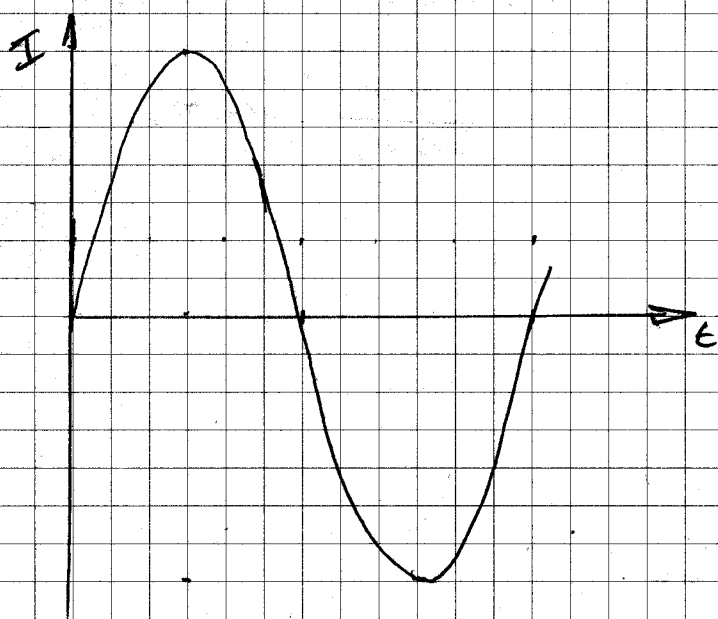
$t_4 \Rightarrow t_4 = \frac{315}{360} \cdot 2,89 = 2,529 ms$

6. Geg:  $I_m = 3,5A$

$T = 60 ms$

schaal:  
1A = 10mm  
10ms = 10mm

Gevr: Zeken



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7. geg.:  $U_m = 100V$ ,  $\omega = 1885 \text{ rad/s}$

gev.:  $U_m$ ,  $\alpha$  als  $u = 100V$ ,  $t$  als  $u = 100V$

Opl.:  $U_m = U \cdot \sqrt{2} = \underline{\underline{141,42V}}$

$$U_m \cdot \sin \alpha = 100$$

of  $U \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sin \alpha = u$

$$\Rightarrow 100 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sin \alpha = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \alpha = \underline{\underline{45^\circ}} \quad (= \frac{1}{8} \text{ van de cirkel})$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

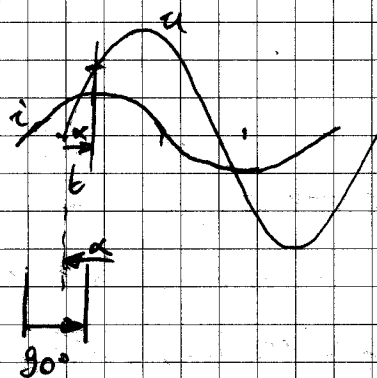
$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi}{1885} = 3,333 \text{ ms} \Rightarrow t = \frac{45}{360} \cdot T = \underline{\underline{0,41666 \text{ ms}}}$$

(of  $t = \frac{1}{8} T = \frac{3,333}{8} = 0,41666 \text{ ms}$ )

8. geg.:  $U = 13,7V$ ,  $I_t = \text{max}$ ,  $U_t = 7,83V$

gev.:  $\varphi$

Opl.:



$$u = U \cdot \sin \alpha \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{u}{U} = \frac{7,83}{13,7} = 0,5715$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = 34,857^\circ$$

$$\varphi = 90^\circ - \alpha = 90 - 34,857 = 55,143^\circ$$

of  $\underline{\underline{55^\circ 08' 34''}}$

9. geg:  $U = 230V$ ,  $f = 50Hz$ ,  $I = 5,64A$ ,  $\varphi = 32,5^\circ$ ,  $t = 12ms$

gev:  $u_t$ ,  $i_t$

Opl:  $\varphi = 32,5^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{32,5}{180} \cdot \pi = 0,5672 \text{ rad.}$

(ruiken in RAD)

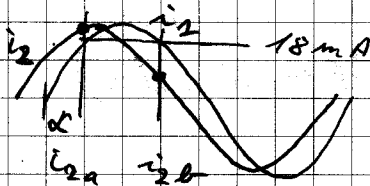
$u_t = U_m \sin \omega t = 230 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot 50 \cdot 12 \cdot 10^{-3}) = \underline{\underline{-194,19V}}$

$i_t = I_m \sin(\omega t - \varphi) = 5,64 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot 50 \cdot 12 \cdot 10^{-3} - 0,5672)$   
 $= 5,64 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot \sin(3,2027)$   
 $= \underline{\underline{-0,4869A}}$

10. geg:  $I_{m1} = I_{m2} = 25mA$ ,  $\varphi = 37^\circ$ ,  $i_1 = 18mA$ ,

gev:  $i_2$  (2 mogelijkheden)

Opl:



voor  $i_1$ :  $\sin \alpha = \frac{i_1}{I} = \frac{18}{25} = 0,72$

$\Rightarrow \alpha_1 = 46,05^\circ \Rightarrow 46^\circ 03' 16''$

$\alpha_2 = 180 - 46,05^\circ = 133,946^\circ =$

$133^\circ 56' 43''$

voor  $i_2$ :

a:  $i_2 = I \cdot \sin(\alpha_1 + \varphi) = 25 \cdot \sin(46,05 + 37) = \underline{\underline{24,817mA}}$

b:  $i_2 = I \sin(\alpha_2 + \varphi) = 25 \cdot \sin(133,94 + 37) = \underline{\underline{3,934mA}}$

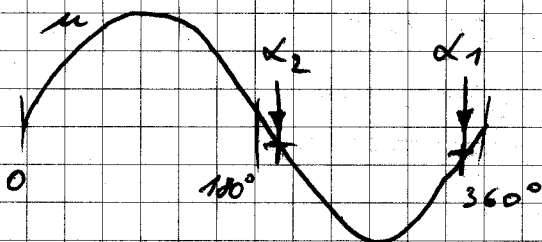
11. geg:  $u = -1,3V$ ,  $U = 4,88V$ ,  $I_m = 5A$ ,  $i = 3,46A$

gev: alle mogelijke  $\varphi$

Opl:

voor  $u$ :  $\sin \alpha = \frac{u}{U_m} = \frac{-1,3}{4,88 \cdot \sqrt{2}} = -0,1884 \Rightarrow \alpha_1 = -10,85^\circ$   
 $(\alpha_1 = 349,14^\circ)$

$\alpha_2 = 360 - 180 - \alpha_1 = 190,85^\circ$

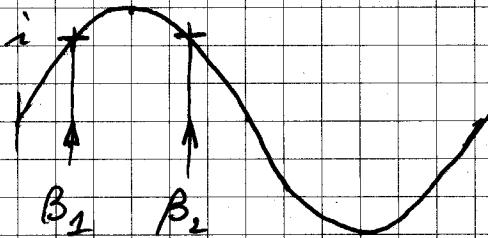


( $\alpha_1$  in 4<sup>o</sup> kwadrant op de geometrisch cirkel,  $\alpha_2$  in 3<sup>o</sup> kwadrant)

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11. vervolg: voor  $i$ :  $\sin \beta = \frac{i}{I} = \frac{3,46}{5} = 0,692 \Rightarrow \beta_1 = 43,788^\circ$   
 $\beta_2 = 180 - \beta_1 = 136,21^\circ$



faseverschillen:

A:  $\varphi_A = \alpha_1 - \beta_2 = 349,14 - 136,21 = 212,93^\circ$  (= Opl D)

B:  $\varphi_B = \alpha_1 - \beta_1 = 349,14 - 43,79 = 305,35^\circ$  (= Opl C)

C:  $\varphi_C = \alpha_2 - \beta_1 = 190,85 - 43,79 = 147,07^\circ$  (= Opl A)

D:  $\varphi_D = \alpha_2 - \beta_2 = 190,85 - 136,21 = 54,64^\circ$  (= Opl B)  
 (Oplossingen via local)

12. geg:  $u = 22\% U_m$ ,  $i = 55\% I_m$

gev: alle mogelijke  $\varphi$ 

Opl: voor  $u$ :  $\sin \alpha = 0,22 \Rightarrow \alpha_1 = \underline{12,71^\circ}$ ,  $\alpha_2 = 180 - \alpha_1$   
 $= \underline{167,29^\circ}$

voor  $i$ :  $\sin \alpha = -0,55 \Rightarrow \beta_1 = \underline{213,37^\circ}$ ,  $\beta_2 = \underline{326,63^\circ}$

Opl A:  $\varphi_A = \alpha_1 - \beta_1 = 12,71 - 213,37 = -200,66^\circ \Rightarrow 360 - 200,66 = \underline{159,34^\circ}$

Opl B:  $\varphi_B = \alpha_1 - \beta_2 = 12,71 - 326,63 = -313,92^\circ \Rightarrow 360 - 313,92 = \underline{46,08^\circ}$

Opl C:  $\varphi_C = \alpha_2 - \beta_1 = 167,29 - 213,37 = -46,08^\circ \Rightarrow 360 - 46,08 = \underline{313,92^\circ}$

Opl D:  $\varphi_D = \alpha_2 - \beta_2 = 167,29 - 326,63 = -159,34^\circ \Rightarrow 360 - 159,34 = \underline{200,66^\circ}$

ut = -1,3 V Ueff = 4,88 V Um = 6,901362 V  
 it = 3,46 A Im = 5 A

Berekening van de hoeken tov. de nuldoorgang van de  
 grootheid waarop de gegeven momentele waarden  
 bereikt worden:

$\alpha 1 = 190,8576^\circ$        $\alpha 2 = 349,1424^\circ$   
 $\beta 1 = 43,78864^\circ$        $\beta 2 = 136,2114^\circ$

**Berekeningtabel:**

interval= 20 graden

hoek	verloop spanning	Moment waarde	hoek in rad (*)	Moment waarde	positie opl A	positie opl B	positie opl C	positie opl D
$\alpha$	u	ut	alfa rad	it	iA	iB	iC	iD
0	0,000	-1,3	0,0000	3,46	-2,718	-4,078	4,078	2,718
20	2,360	-1,3	0,3491	3,46	-3,990	-2,843	4,822	1,119
40	4,436	-1,3	0,6981	3,46	-4,780	-1,264	4,984	-0,615
60	5,977	-1,3	1,0472	3,46	-4,993	0,467	4,544	-2,275
80	6,797	-1,3	1,3963	3,46	-4,605	2,141	3,557	-3,661
100	6,797	-1,3	1,7453	3,46	-3,661	3,557	2,141	-4,605
120	5,977	-1,3	2,0944	3,46	-2,275	4,544	0,467	-4,993
140	4,436	-1,3	2,4435	3,46	-0,615	4,984	-1,264	-4,780
160	2,360	-1,3	2,7925	3,46	1,119	4,822	-2,843	-3,990
180	0,000	-1,3	3,1416	3,46	2,718	4,078	-4,078	-2,718
200	-2,360	-1,3	3,4907	3,46	3,990	2,843	-4,822	-1,119
220	-4,436	-1,3	3,8397	3,46	4,780	1,264	-4,984	0,615
240	-5,977	-1,3	4,1888	3,46	4,993	-0,467	-4,544	2,275
260	-6,797	-1,3	4,5379	3,46	4,605	-2,141	-3,557	3,661
280	-6,797	-1,3	4,8869	3,46	3,661	-3,557	-2,141	4,605
300	-5,977	-1,3	5,2360	3,46	2,275	-4,544	-0,467	4,993
320	-4,436	-1,3	5,5851	3,46	0,615	-4,984	1,264	4,780
340	-2,360	-1,3	5,9341	3,46	-1,119	-4,822	2,843	3,990
360	0,000	-1,3	6,2832	3,46	-2,718	-4,078	4,078	2,718
380	2,360	-1,3	6,6323	3,46	-3,990	-2,843	4,822	1,119
400	4,436	-1,3	6,9813	3,46	-4,780	-1,264	4,984	-0,615
420	5,977	-1,3	7,3304	3,46	-4,993	0,467	4,544	-2,275
440	6,797	-1,3	7,6794	3,46	-4,605	2,141	3,557	-3,661
460	6,797	-1,3	8,0285	3,46	-3,661	3,557	2,141	-4,605
480	5,977	-1,3	8,3776	3,46	-2,275	4,544	0,467	-4,993
500	4,436	-1,3	8,7266	3,46	-0,615	4,984	-1,264	-4,780
520	2,360	-1,3	9,0757	3,46	1,119	4,822	-2,843	-3,990
540	0,000	-1,3	9,4248	3,46	2,718	4,078	-4,078	-2,718
560	-2,360	-1,3	9,7738	3,46	3,990	2,843	-4,822	-1,119
580	-4,436	-1,3	10,1229	3,46	4,780	1,264	-4,984	0,615
600	-5,977	-1,3	10,4720	3,46	4,993	-0,467	-4,544	2,275
620	-6,797	-1,3	10,8210	3,46	4,605	-2,141	-3,557	3,661
640	-6,797	-1,3	11,1701	3,46	3,661	-3,557	-2,141	4,605
660	-5,977	-1,3	11,5192	3,46	2,275	-4,544	-0,467	4,993
680	-4,436	-1,3	11,8682	3,46	0,615	-4,984	1,264	4,780
700	-2,360	-1,3	12,2173	3,46	-1,119	-4,822	2,843	3,990
720	0,000	-1,3	12,5664	3,46	-2,718	-4,078	4,078	2,718

Opl A:  $\varphi = 190,86-43,79$   
 $\varphi = 147,069^\circ$   
 2,566838 rad

Punt waar 'u' op 191° de  
 waarde -1,3V bereikt.

Opl B:  $\varphi = 190,86-136,21$   
 $\varphi = 54,64623^\circ$   
 0,953757 rad

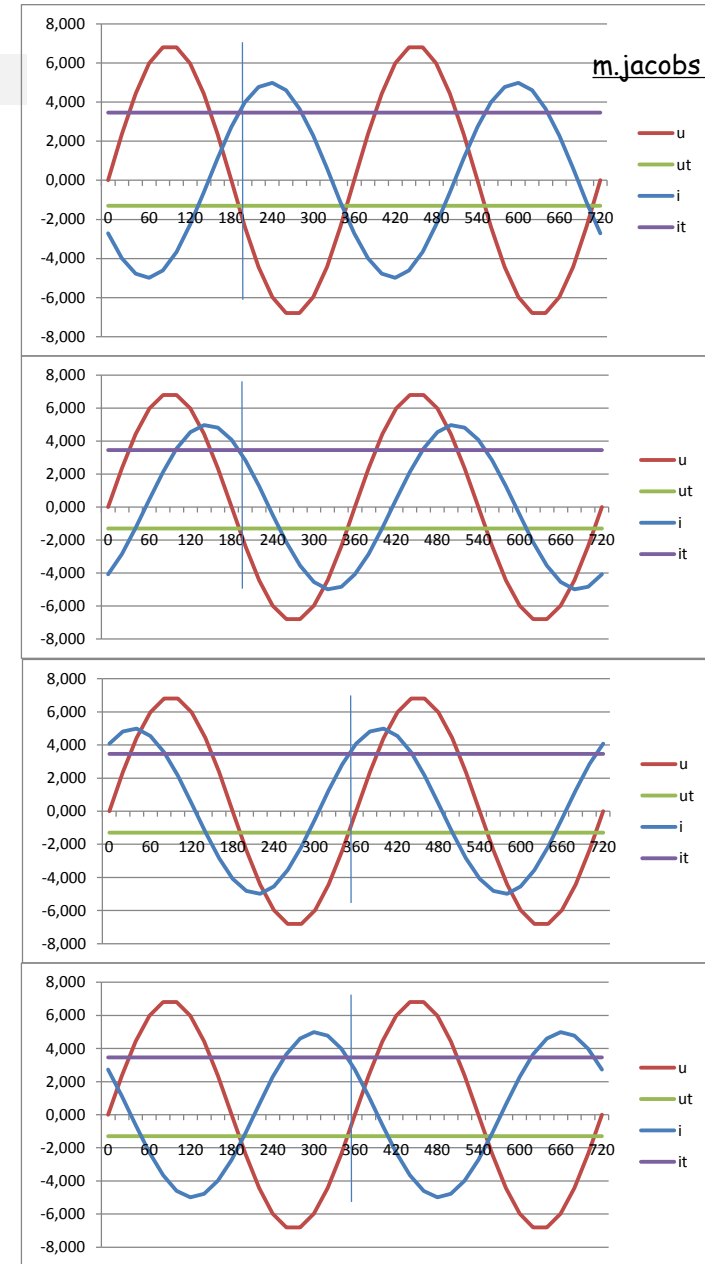
Punt waar 'u' op 191° de  
 waarde -1,3V bereikt.

Opl C:  $\varphi = 349,14-43,79$   
 $\varphi = 305,3538^\circ$   
 5,329429 rad

Punt waar 'u' op 349° de  
 waarde -1,3V bereikt.

Opl D:  $\varphi = 349,14-136,21$   
 $\varphi = 212,931^\circ$   
 3,716348 rad

Punt waar 'u' op 349° de  
 waarde -1,3V bereikt.



(\*) : Goniometrische berekeningen in Excel  
 moeten steeds in radialen gebeuren.

ut = 22 % = 2,2 V Um = 10 V  
 it = -55 % = -4,4 A Im = 8 A

Berekening van de hoeken tov. de nuldoorgang van de  
 grootheid waarop de gegeven momentele waarden  
 bereikt worden:

$\alpha 1 = 12,70903^\circ$        $\alpha 2 = 167,291^\circ$   
 $\beta 1 = 213,367^\circ$        $\beta 2 = 326,633^\circ$

**Berekeningtabel:**

interval= 10 graden

hoek	verloop	Moment	hoek in	Moment	positie opl	positie opl	positie opl	positie opl
$\alpha$	spanning	waarde	rad (*)	waarde	A	B	C	D
u	ut	alfa rad	it	iA	iB	iC	iD	
0	0,000	2,2	0,0000	-4,4	-2,822	-5,762	5,762	2,822
10	1,736	2,2	0,1745	-4,4	-4,079	-4,711	6,638	1,480
20	3,420	2,2	0,3491	-4,4	-5,212	-3,517	7,313	0,092
30	5,000	2,2	0,5236	-4,4	-6,187	-2,215	7,765	-1,299
40	6,428	2,2	0,6981	-4,4	-6,974	-0,847	7,981	-2,650
50	7,660	2,2	0,8727	-4,4	-7,548	0,547	7,955	-3,920
60	8,660	2,2	1,0472	-4,4	-7,894	1,925	7,687	-5,072
70	9,397	2,2	1,2217	-4,4	-7,999	3,244	7,186	-6,069
80	9,848	2,2	1,3963	-4,4	-7,862	4,465	6,466	-6,882
90	10,000	2,2	1,5708	-4,4	-7,486	5,550	5,550	-7,486
100	9,848	2,2	1,7453	-4,4	-6,882	6,466	4,465	-7,862
110	9,397	2,2	1,9199	-4,4	-6,069	7,186	3,244	-7,999
120	8,660	2,2	2,0944	-4,4	-5,072	7,687	1,925	-7,894
130	7,660	2,2	2,2689	-4,4	-3,920	7,955	0,547	-7,548
140	6,428	2,2	2,4435	-4,4	-2,650	7,981	-0,847	-6,974
150	5,000	2,2	2,6180	-4,4	-1,299	7,765	-2,215	-6,187
160	3,420	2,2	2,7925	-4,4	0,092	7,313	-3,517	-5,212
170	1,736	2,2	2,9671	-4,4	1,480	6,638	-4,711	-4,079
180	0,000	2,2	3,1416	-4,4	2,822	5,762	-5,762	-2,822
190	-1,736	2,2	3,3161	-4,4	4,079	4,711	-6,638	-1,480
200	-3,420	2,2	3,4907	-4,4	5,212	3,517	-7,313	-0,092
210	-5,000	2,2	3,6652	-4,4	6,187	2,215	-7,765	1,299
220	-6,428	2,2	3,8397	-4,4	6,974	0,847	-7,981	2,650
230	-7,660	2,2	4,0143	-4,4	7,548	-0,547	-7,955	3,920
240	-8,660	2,2	4,1888	-4,4	7,894	-1,925	-7,687	5,072
250	-9,397	2,2	4,3633	-4,4	7,999	-3,244	-7,186	6,069
260	-9,848	2,2	4,5379	-4,4	7,862	-4,465	-6,466	6,882
270	-10,000	2,2	4,7124	-4,4	7,486	-5,550	-5,550	7,486
280	-9,848	2,2	4,8869	-4,4	6,882	-6,466	-4,465	7,862
290	-9,397	2,2	5,0615	-4,4	6,069	-7,186	-3,244	7,999
300	-8,660	2,2	5,2360	-4,4	5,072	-7,687	-1,925	7,894
310	-7,660	2,2	5,4105	-4,4	3,920	-7,955	-0,547	7,548
320	-6,428	2,2	5,5851	-4,4	2,650	-7,981	0,847	6,974
330	-5,000	2,2	5,7596	-4,4	1,299	-7,765	2,215	6,187
340	-3,420	2,2	5,9341	-4,4	-0,092	-7,313	3,517	5,212
350	-1,736	2,2	6,1087	-4,4	-1,480	-6,638	4,711	4,079
360	0,000	2,2	6,2832	-4,4	-2,822	-5,762	5,762	2,822

Opl A:  $\varphi = 12,71-213,37$   
 $\varphi = -200,658^\circ$   
 of =  $159,342^\circ$   
 $2,781043 \text{ rad}$

Punt waar 'u' op  $13^\circ$  de  
 waarde 2,2V bereikt.

Opl B:  $\varphi = 12,71-326,63$   
 $\varphi = -313,924^\circ$   
 of =  $46,07605^\circ$   
 $0,804179 \text{ rad}$

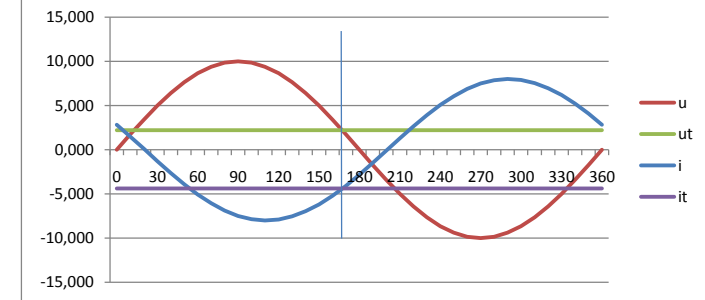
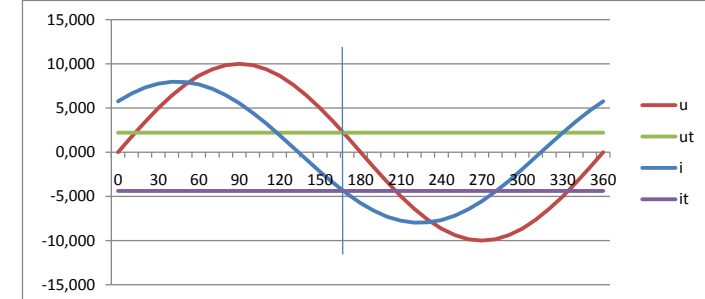
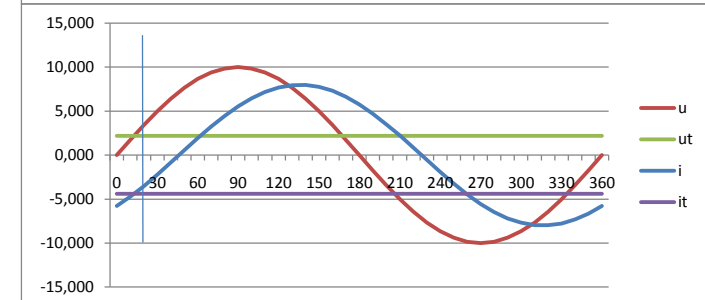
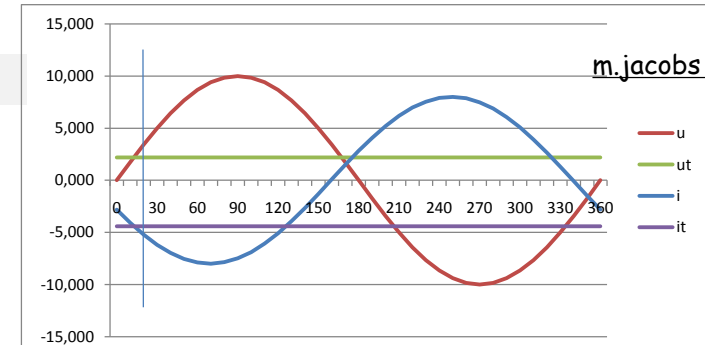
Punt waar 'u' op  $13^\circ$  de  
 waarde 2,2V bereikt.

Opl C:  $\varphi = 167,29-213,37$   
 $\varphi = -46,07605^\circ$   
 of =  $313,924^\circ$   
 $5,479007 \text{ rad}$

Punt waar 'u' op  $167^\circ$  de  
 waarde 2,2V bereikt.

Opl D:  $\varphi = 167,29-326,63$   
 $\varphi = -159,342^\circ$   
 of =  $200,658^\circ$   
 $3,502142 \text{ rad}$

Punt waar 'u' op  $167^\circ$  de  
 waarde 2,2V bereikt.



(\*) : Goniometrische berekeningen in Excel moeten steeds in radialen gebeuren.